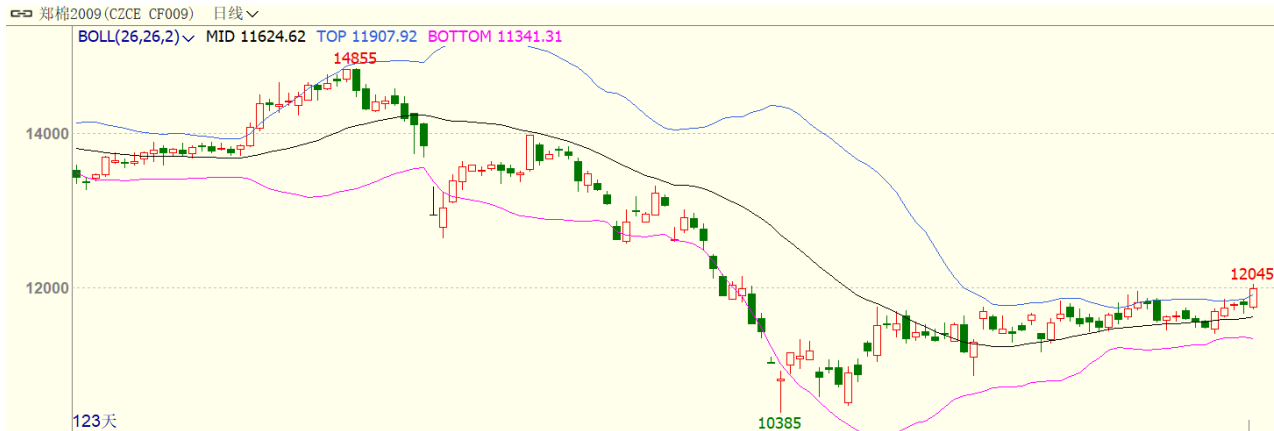


# 棉花周度总结20200608

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SINCERITY IS  
THE GOLDEN STONE

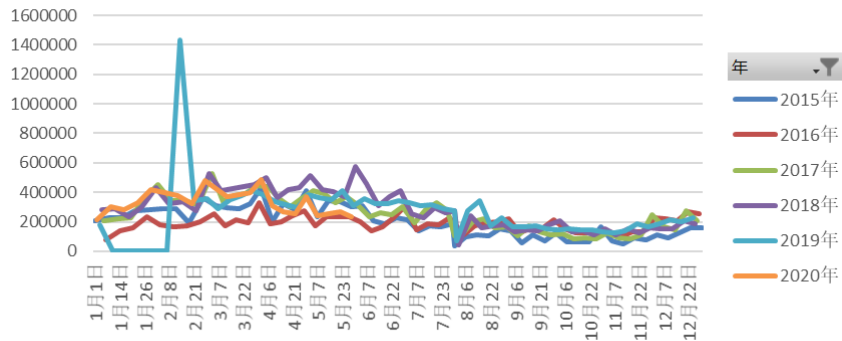
# 内强外弱，修复盘面进口利润



上周，郑棉带动美棉走强，逻辑上修复前期倒挂的进口利润为主。前期美棉涨幅高于国内，因预期中国将进口美棉补充国储，同样也有履行中美第一阶段协议的原因，这导致美棉涨幅明显高于国内，进口利润一度倒挂至600元/吨以上。另外近期上涨也有对供应端的担忧，中美方面都受到了不同程度的极端天气影响，印度方面正经历较为严重的蝗虫灾害，目前影响尚不可知，但不妨碍市场对价格上涨抱有预期。需求端服装订单一般，景气程度不如5月。

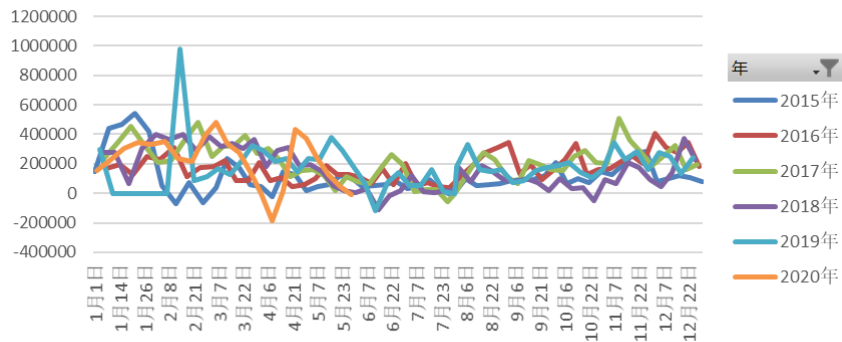
# 美棉签约下降，中国方面净取消

求和项:陆地棉本周出口 (包)



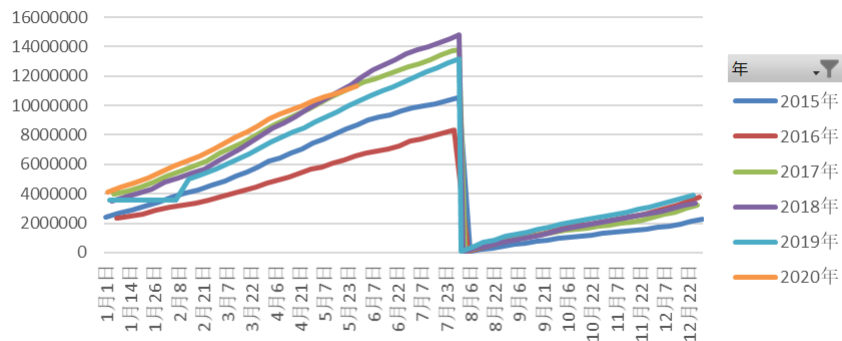
日期 ▾

求和项:陆地棉当前市场年度净销售 (包)



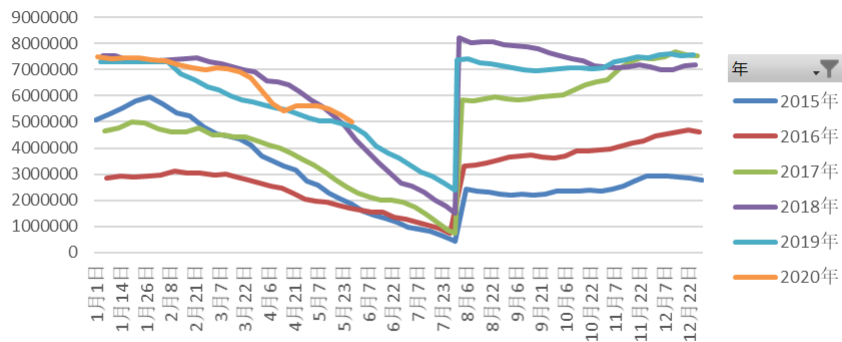
日期 ▾

求和项:陆地棉累计出口 (包)



日期 ▾

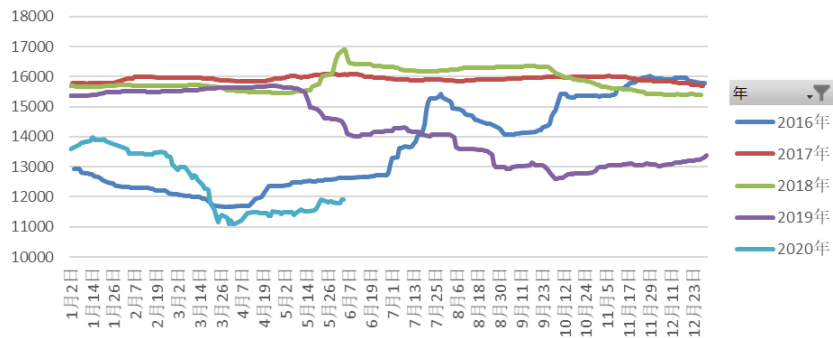
求和项:陆地棉当前市场年度未装船 (包)



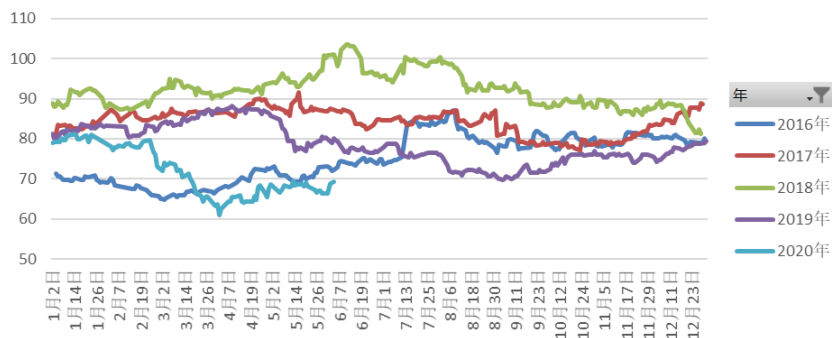
日期 ▾

# 国内外棉花现货均随盘上涨

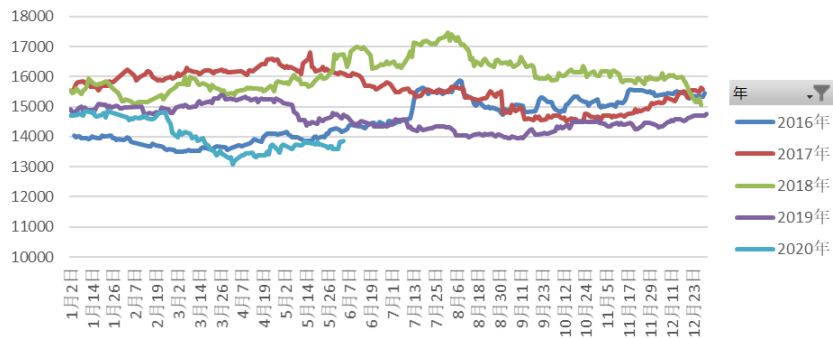
求和项:CCIndex3128 (元/吨)



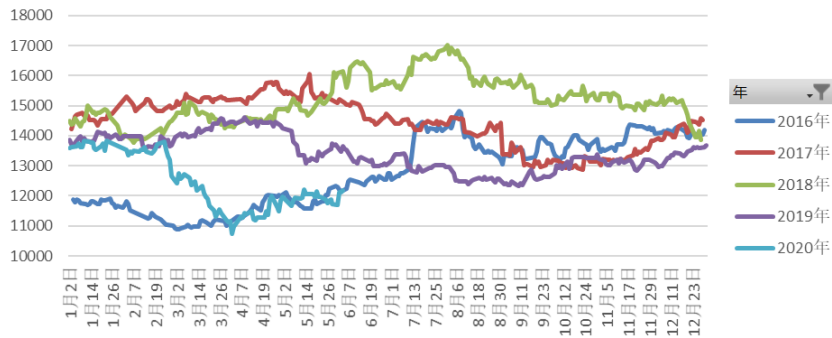
求和项:FCIndexM (美分/磅)



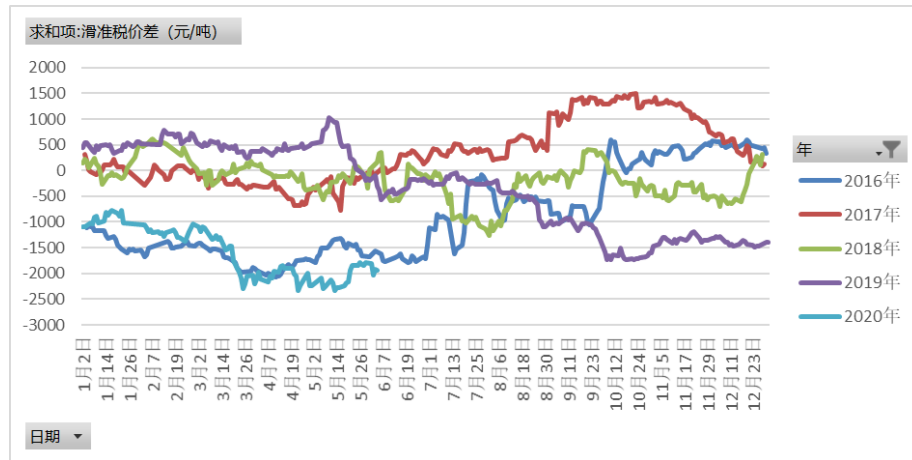
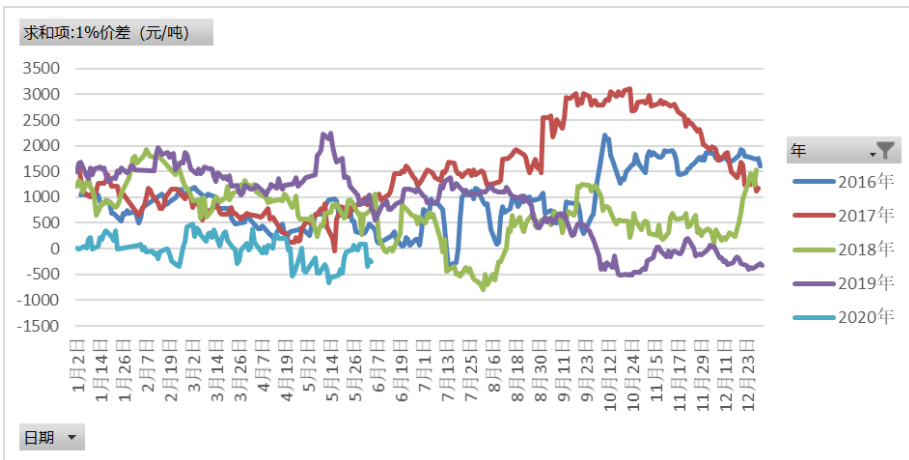
求和项:滑准税进口成本 (元/吨)



求和项:1%进口成本 (元/吨)

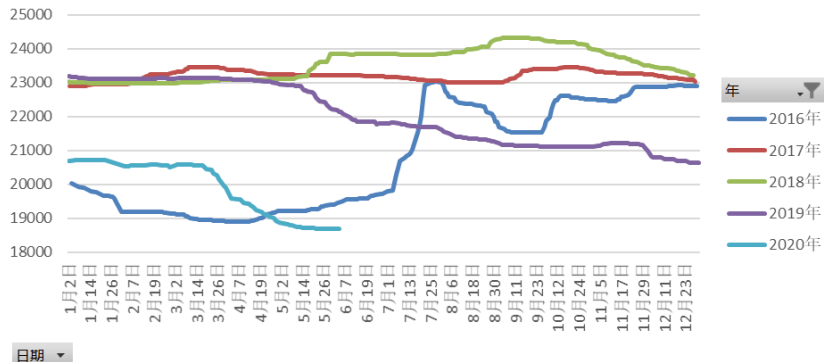


# 价差底部反弹，做缩价差策略继续持有

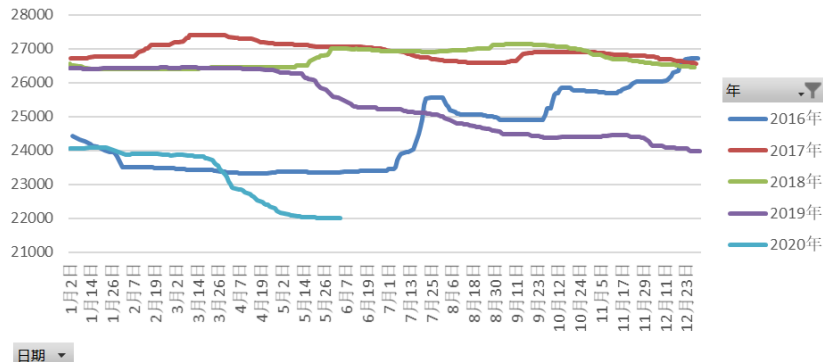


# 棉纱现货均企稳，并未大幅跟原料上涨

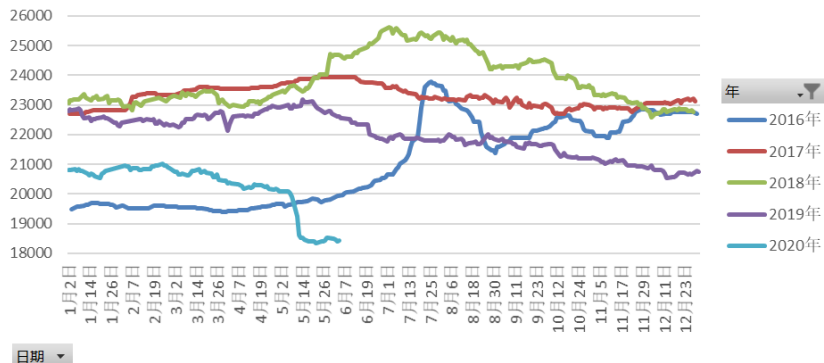
求和项:CY Index C32S (元/吨)



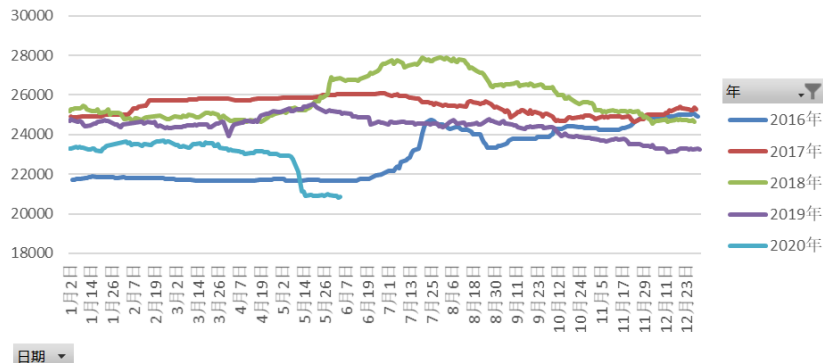
求和项:CY Index JC40S (元/吨)



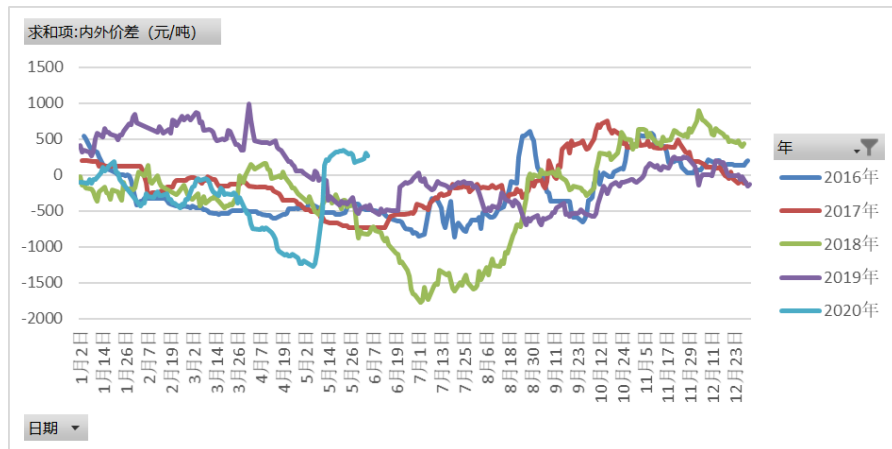
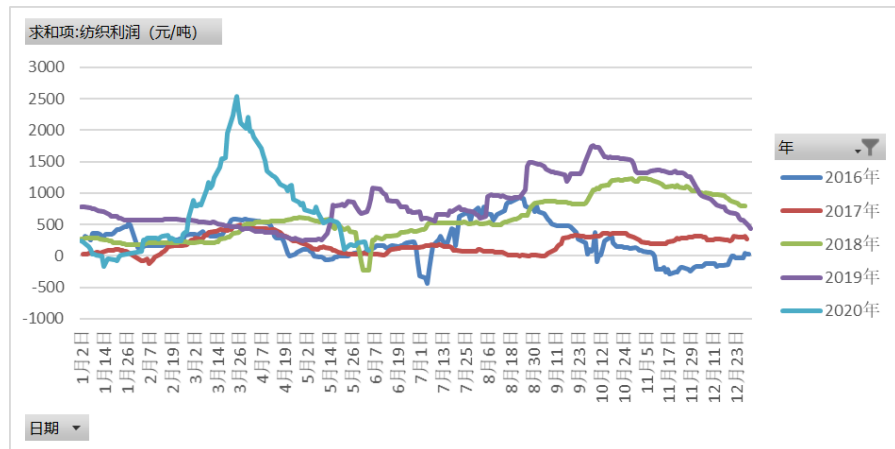
求和项:FCY Index C32S (元/吨)



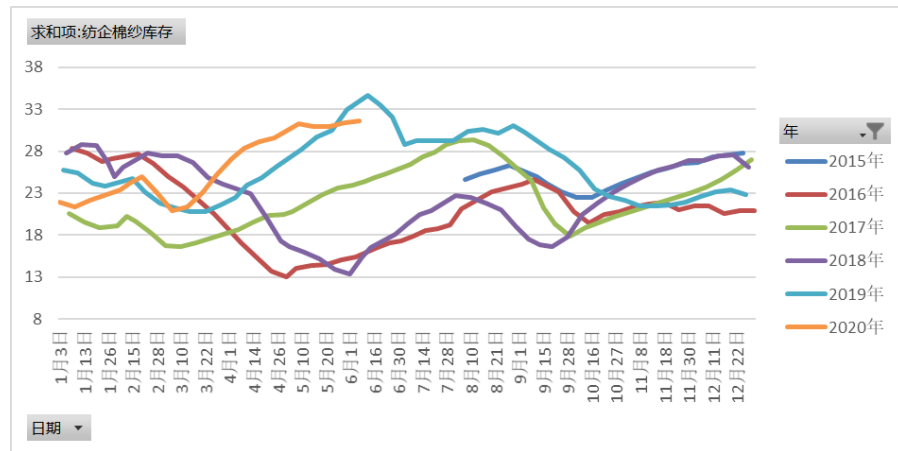
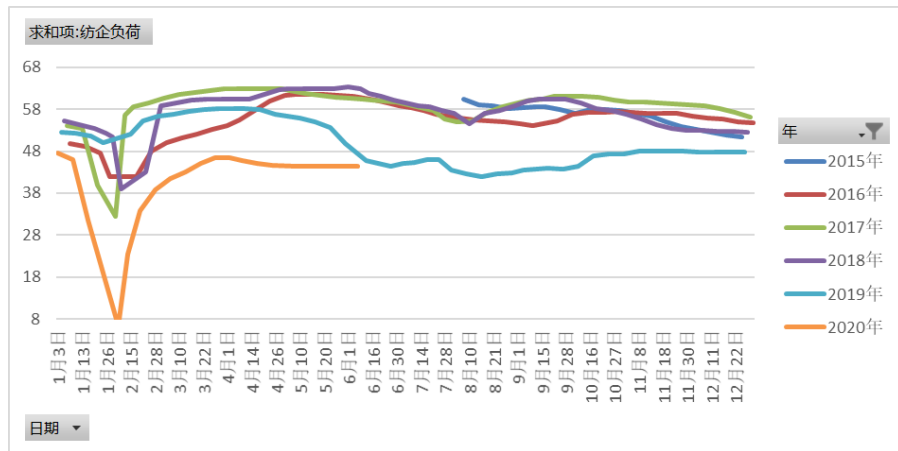
求和项:FCY Index JC32S (元/吨)



# 纺企利润回落，受限于订单较低，无法跟原料大幅上涨

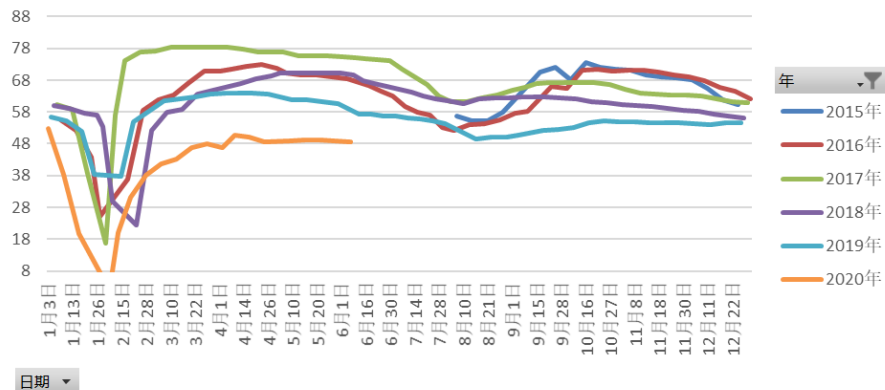


# 纺企负荷低位徘徊，棉纱库存再增

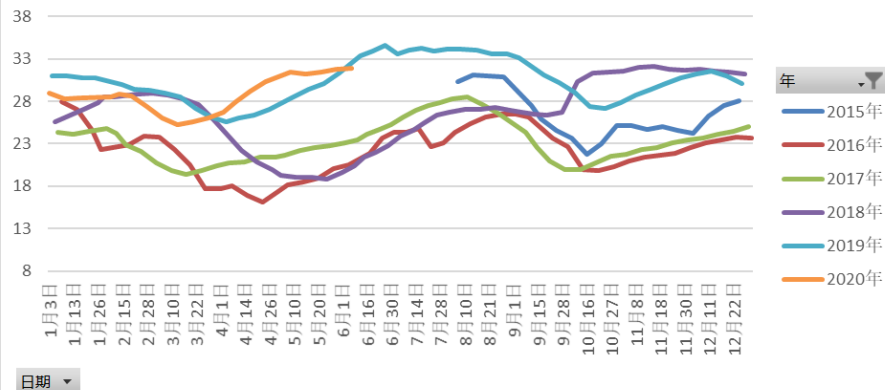


# 织厂负荷下降，坯布库存再增

求和项:织厂负荷

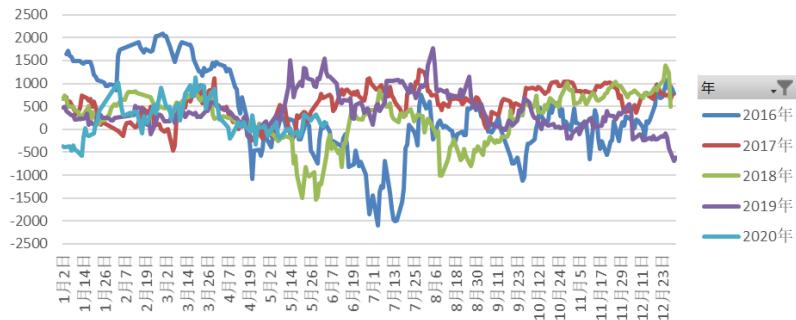


求和项:全棉坯布库存

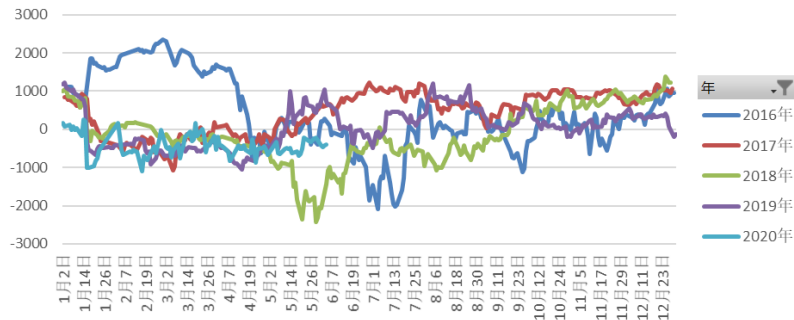


# 基差回落至0附近，因期货反弹较强

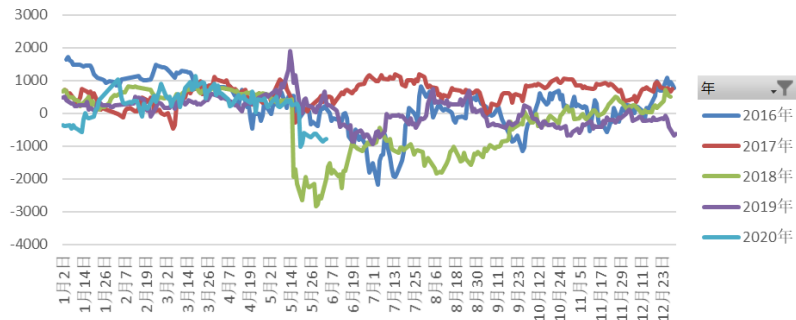
求和项:主力连续基差 (元/吨)



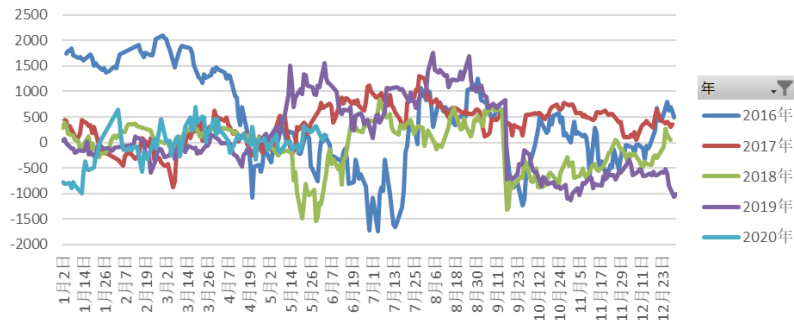
求和项:01基差 (元/吨)



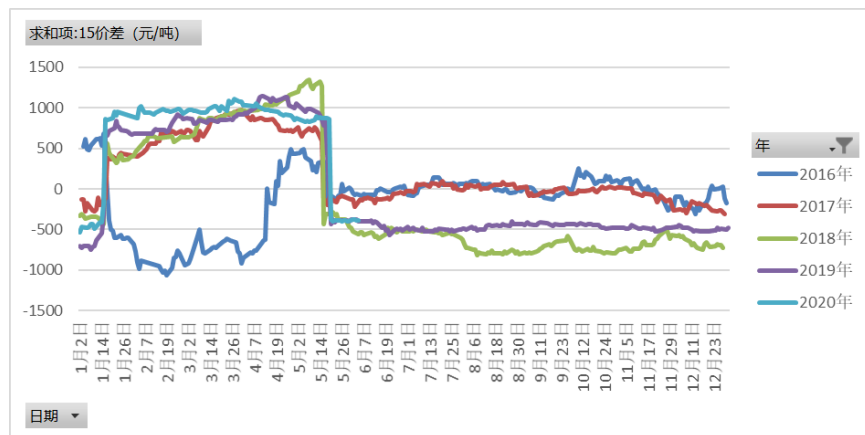
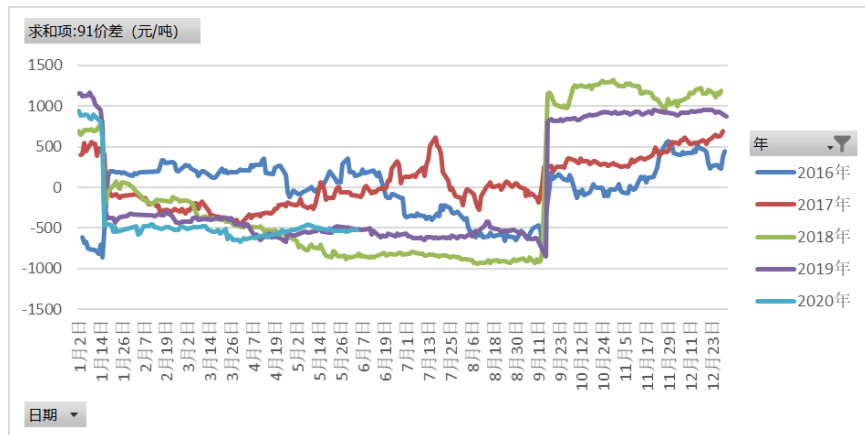
求和项:05基差 (元/吨)



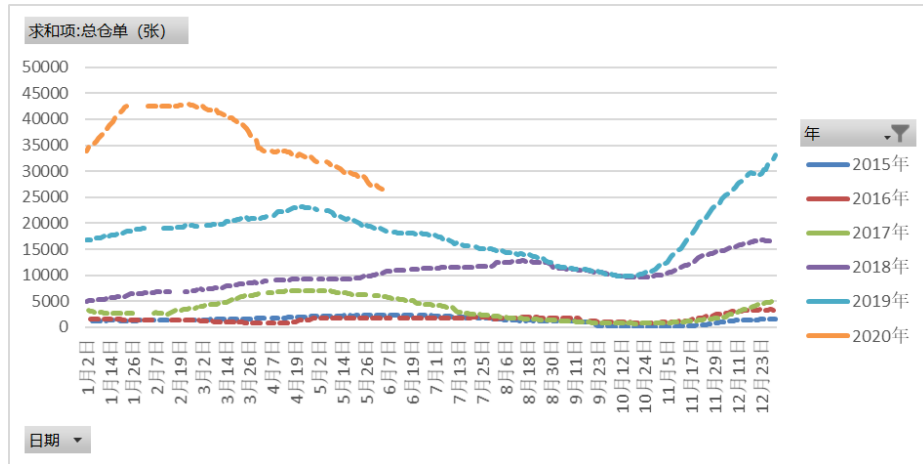
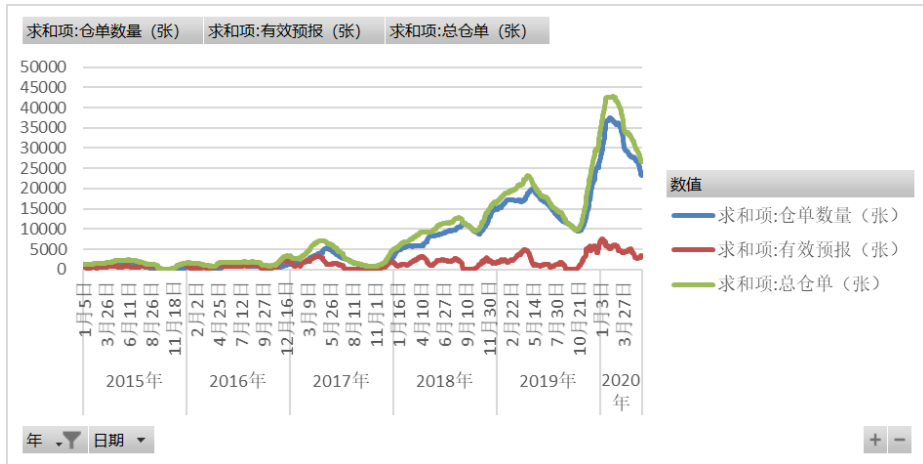
求和项:09基差 (元/吨)



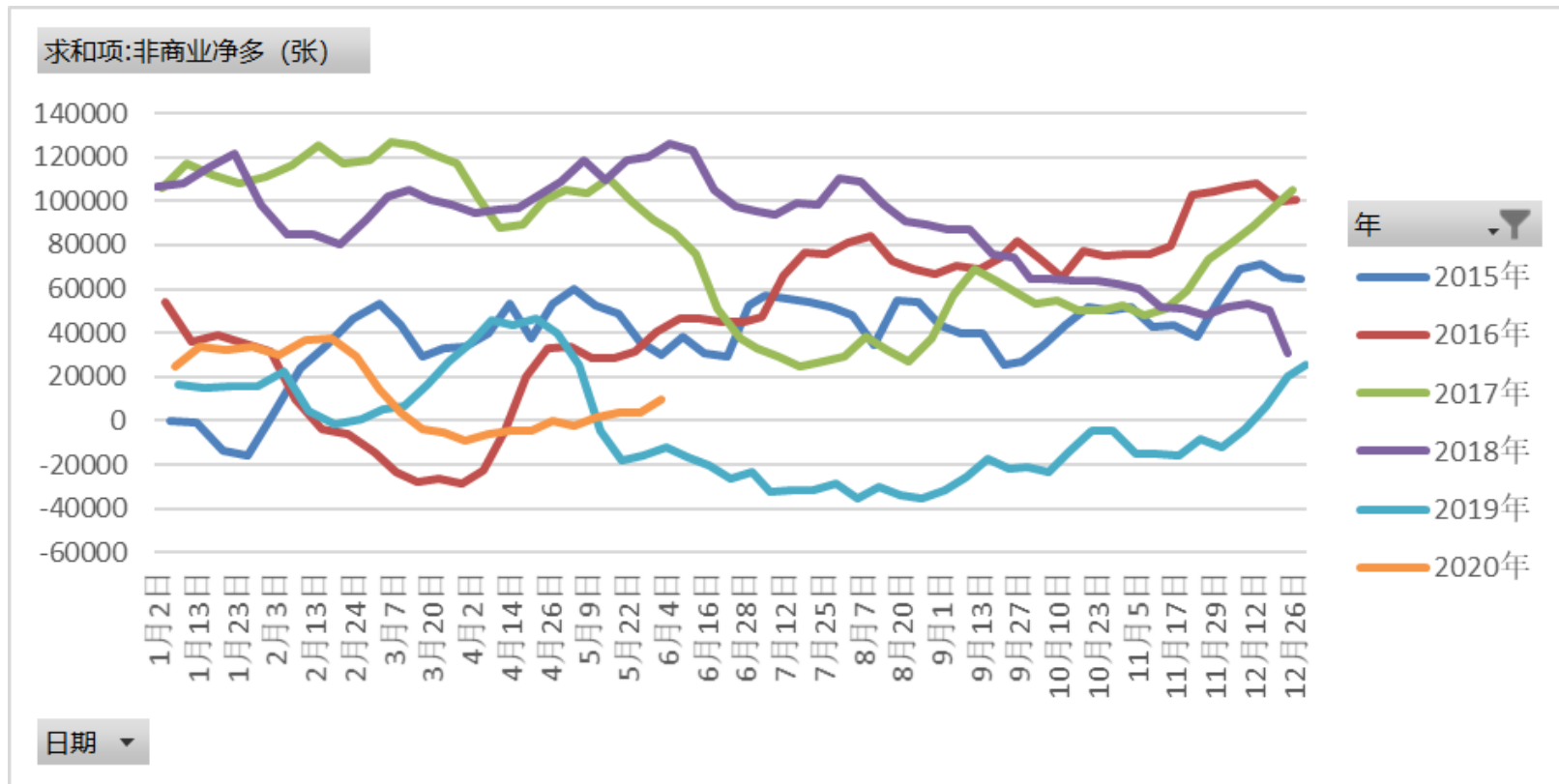
# 价差去年同期水平，参与性价比较低



# 仓单季节性出库，同比依旧偏高水平



# ICE美棉非商业净持仓净多增加5779张



# 总结

本周国内带动美棉上涨，更多受资金面影响，观察持仓可以发现资金单日流入巨大，约在4亿左右，某主力多单席位日增持14000手以上，而国外在国内上涨时表现平平。

逻辑上看，上涨符合我们前期推荐的做多进口利润逻辑，因中国棉花即使消费下降也难改产不足需的事实，我国年产棉花550万吨左右，需求在700万吨以上，作为棉花净进口国来说进口利润倒挂明显不符合市场情况，国内大幅走强可以说是在意料之中。

另外从情绪上来看，棉花上涨并非基于前期老生常谈的中美关系逻辑，而是目前正处于棉花生长季节且大多数主产国出现一定炒作题材，比如我国新疆部分棉区经历了极端低温天气，比如印巴目前正经历十分严重的蝗虫灾害，印度作为全球第一产棉国，其棉花产量的改变对全球棉花投资者来说都是十分值得关注的点。

需求方面，6月数据较5月下滑，下游目前开机较5月走弱，且受制于订单偏弱，棉纱和坯布的库存再度开始累积，需求稳中偏弱。

综上所述，修复价差带来的行情不如实际基本面转好持续，郑棉价格重心缓慢抬高中，大牛行情需要实际需求转好或供应端炒作证实。



谢谢大家的观看

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Thanks for watching.